

Planning - Oxford City Planning Committee

On **Tuesday 21 February 2023** At **6.00 pm**

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Presentations

Contents

Note: Planning Committee presentations contain mostly pictures, maps and plans. These are not in an accessible format.

To see full details of the application including full plans, representations, public comments and supplementary information, please [click here](#) and enter the relevant Planning Reference number in the search box

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| 3. | 22/02168/FUL: Plots 23-26, Oxford Science Park, Grenoble Road, Oxford OX4 4GB | 3 - 18 |
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The agenda, reports and any additional supplements can be found together with this supplement on the committee meeting webpage.

*View or subscribe to updates for agendas, reports and minutes at mycouncil.oxford.gov.uk.
All public papers are available from the calendar link to this meeting once published*

Oxford City Council, Town Hall, St Aldate's Oxford OX1 1BX

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Oxford City Planning Committee Presentation

www.oxford.gov.uk



22/02168/FUL

3

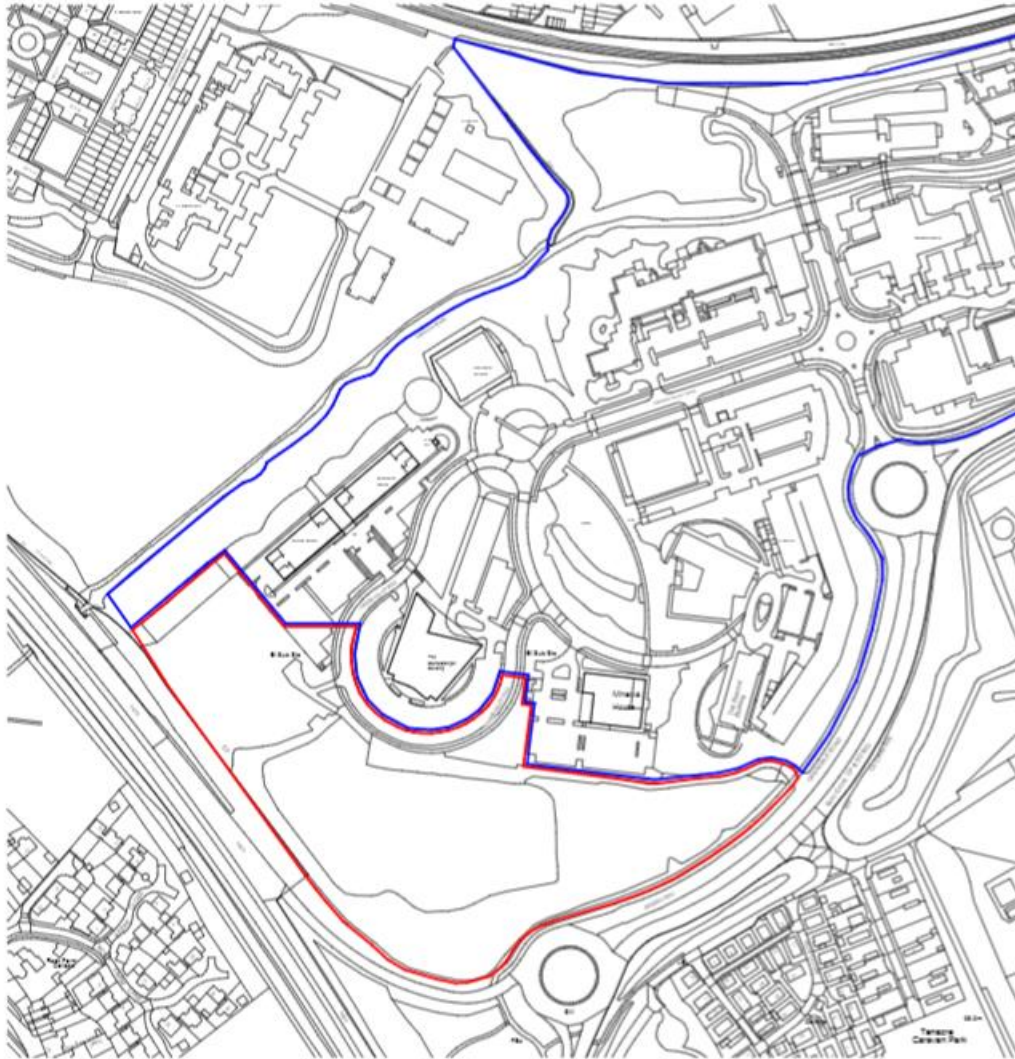
**The Oxford Science Park
Plots 23-26**

21st February 2023

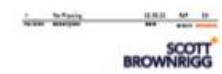


Site Location Plan

4



Scott Brownrigg Ltd
This drawing is to be used in accordance with
all relevant planning and building regulations,
planning and associated applications.
If any alterations are made to the drawing,
all alterations are to be shown on the drawing
and the original is to be retained.



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Oxford Science Park

Plot 23 - 26 Oxford Science Park

SITE LOCATION PLAN

1:1250 @A1

20034-SBR-ZZ-ZZ-OR-A-00100

PLANNING

1



Application site from southern boundary in relation to the Schrodinger building (centre), Minerva House (right) and Fletcher House (right)

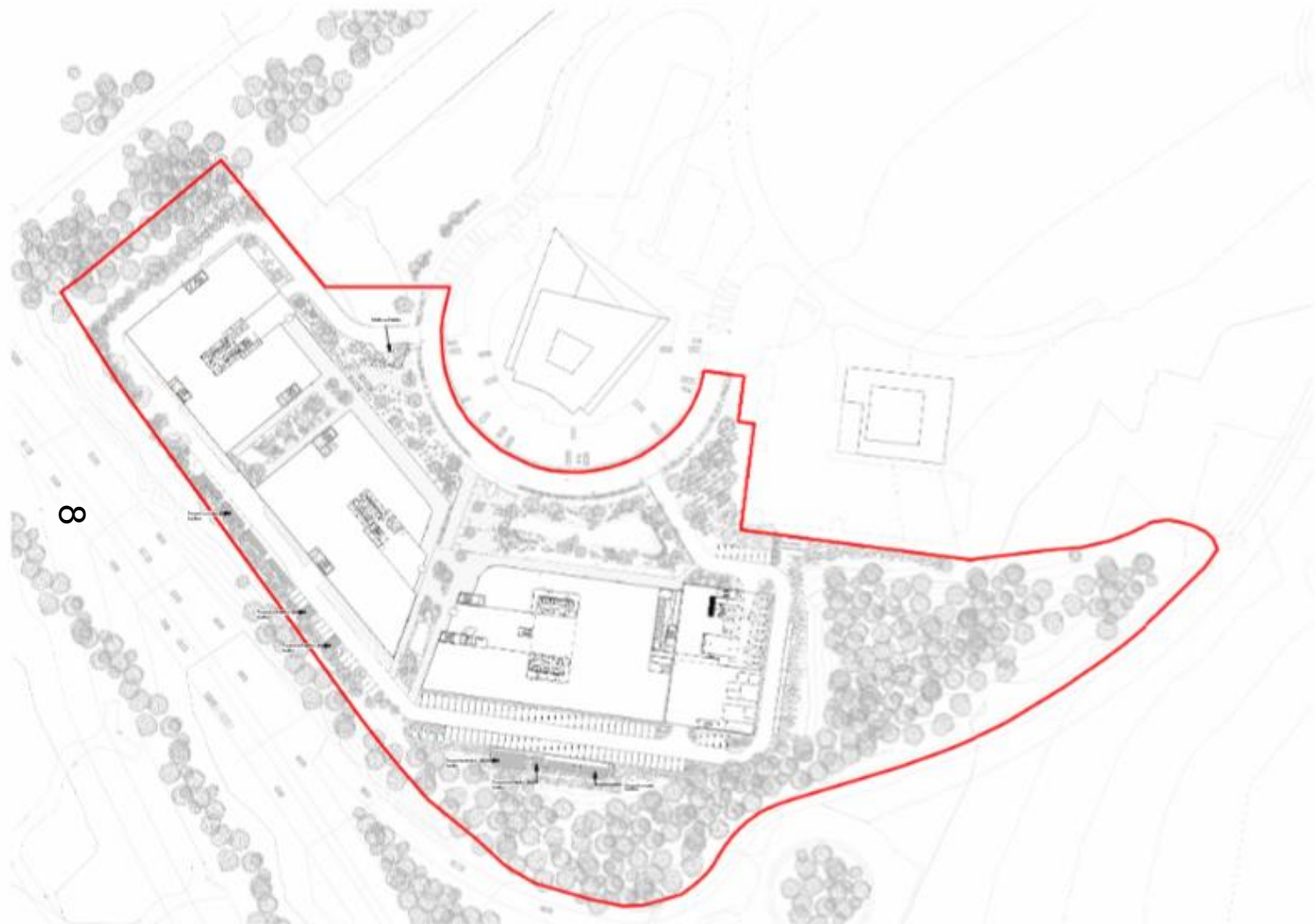


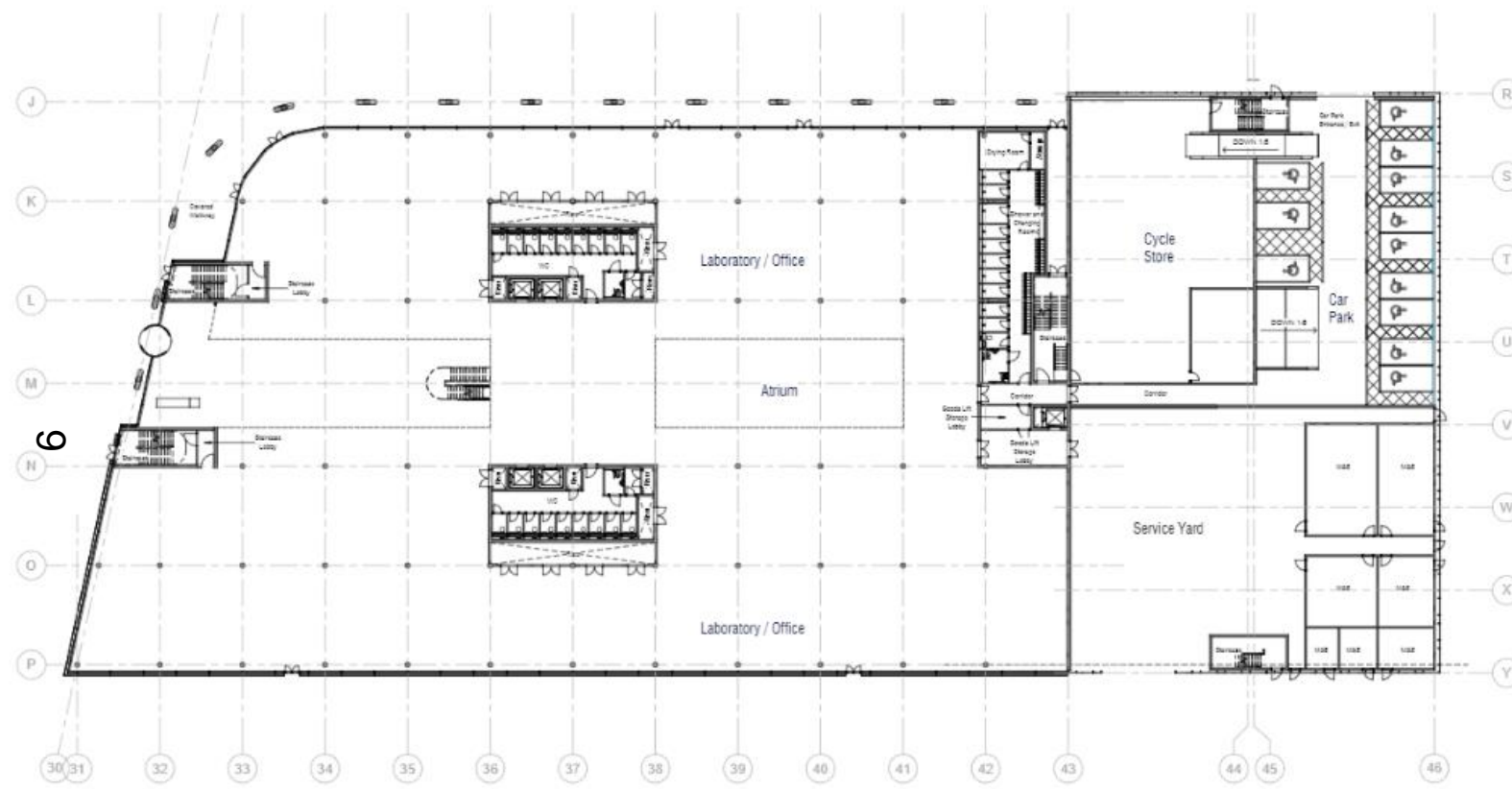
9

Existing gap in vegetation adjacent to A4074 to be infilled.



Construction access road to be replanted post construction





00 PROPOSED BUILDING 3 - GROUND FLOOR PLAN
1:200

a. Planning
 1. Issued Planning Case Officer
 05.09.20
 12.09.20
 Date
 Drawn
 Checked
 SCOTT BROWNRIFF
 81 Cambridge Court
 40-42 Porters on Road
 Building 012 40V
 T: +44 (0)1463 556888
 W: scottbrownrigg.com
 Client Name
 The Oxford Science Park

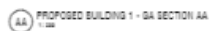


00/10
 Plots 23-26 The Oxford Science Park

Showing the
 PROPOSED BUILDING 3
 GROUND FLOOR PLAN

Scale
 As indicated @A1

Ground floor plan of building 3



SCOTT
BROWNRIGG

The Oxford Science Park



Activity Code	Notes	Page
1	PLANNING	2



Visual of buildings 1, 2 and 3 fronting Heatley Road



**Relationship of buildings 1 and 2 with Schrodinger Building
and Fletcher House**



**Building 3, Schrodinger Building and Minerva House with
LVIA photomontage of buildings 1 and 3 below.**





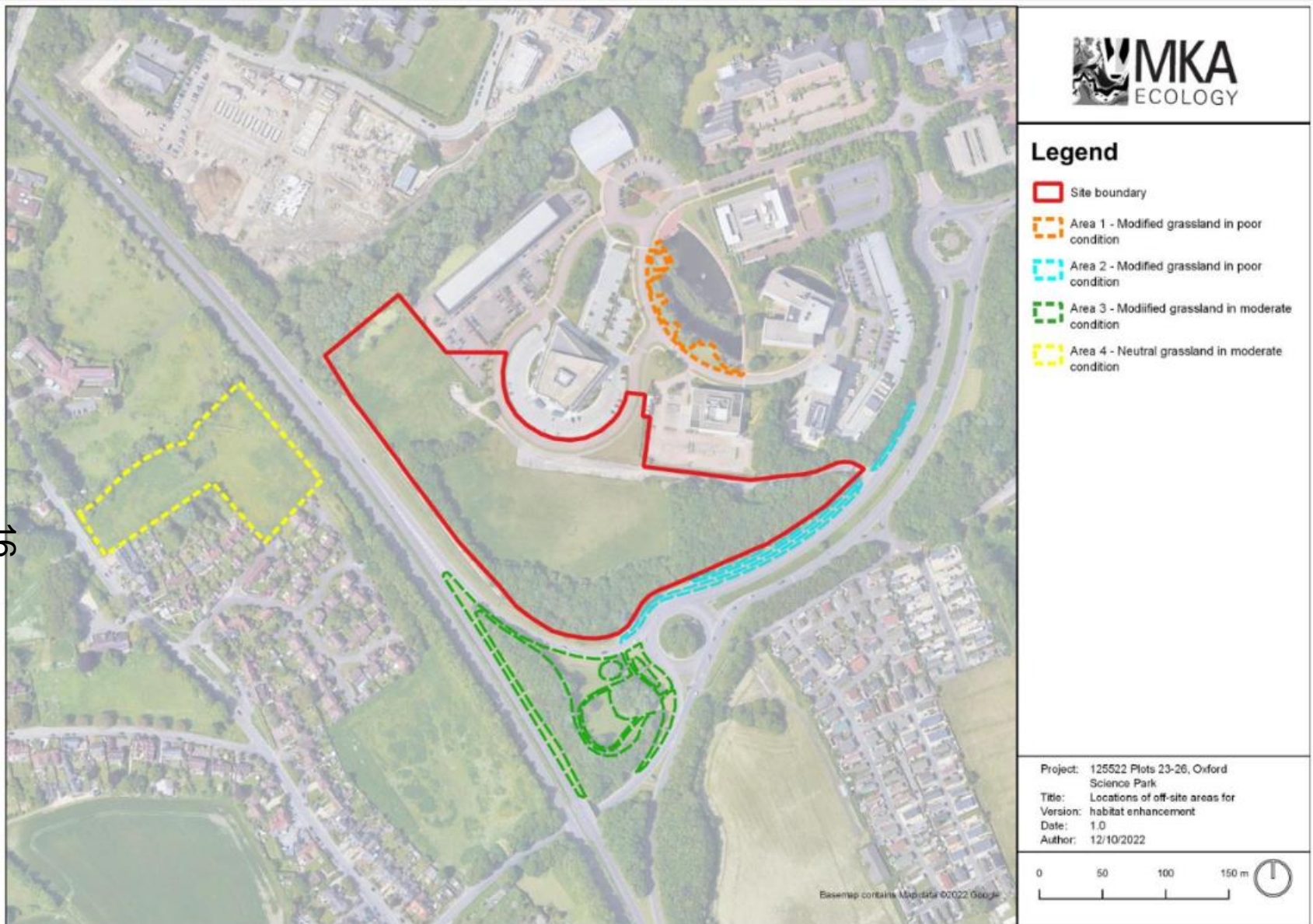
View from A4074



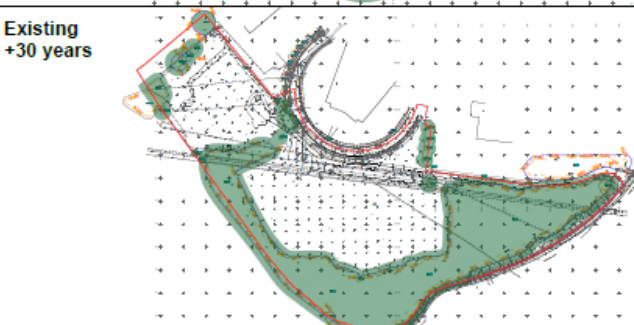
View from Sandford Road, Sandford on Thames



View from Keene Close, Sandford on Thames



Biodiversity off-setting locations



Detailed Canopy Cover Assessment

Application site area (m ²)	44712			
Existing canopy cover area (m ²)	13112			
Existing canopy cover as % of application site	29%			
Expected tree canopy cover within application site area:				
Area	% of site	Area	% of site	Difference
20 years	13812	30%	29.9%	0%
25 years	12242	27%	27.2%	0%
30 years	13812	30%	30.7%	0%
Canopy Cover Without Development (Baseline)				
Area	% of site	Canopy Cover With Development		Difference
12414	28%	12385	27%	0.2%

Difference in canopy cover with development as baseline at 25 years

Conclusions - The proposed scheme exceeds the council requirements and can be expected to result in an 8.2% net increase in canopy cover at 25 years (increase of 100m² on baseline - a surplus of 7% new tree canopy at year 25).

Detailed Canopy Cover Assessment Methodology

Replacement tree planting requirements have been calculated using the Oxford City Council's TACS policy as a guide. The replacement canopy cover requirements have been calculated using the 'Detailed tree canopy cover assessment' method that is described within TACS 9.

The way the policy is worded makes clear that the Council requires no net loss of canopy cover after 25 years (developed site vs existing site). However, the Council have also verbally made clear that they in fact require a 5% net gain so as to act as a margin of error. As such, a 5% canopy cover gain has been designed.

The methodology outlined by the Council in TACS 9 is as follows:

- 1) Calculate total area of existing baseline tree canopy cover within the application site
- 2) Calculate existing baseline tree canopy cover as % of total application site area
- 3) Taking account of key site specific tree canopy cover dynamics (e.g. tree growth, tree age, tree life expectancy (potential to contribute etc.) projected forward over time to predict total tree canopy cover within the application site at baseline + 10, +20 and +30 years for the following scenarios:
 - a. No development
 - b. With development
- 4) Calculate impact on existing tree canopy cover by subtracting area of tree canopy cover for no development scenario from area of tree canopy cover for with development scenario, both at baseline + 25 years

To provide the figures for the above calculations, a series of 8 CAD models were produced. These were created for the following scenarios:

- Existing canopy cover with no development
- Canopy cover after 10 years with no development
- Canopy cover after 20 years with no development
- Canopy cover after 30 years with no development
- Canopy cover immediately after development
- Canopy cover after 10 years with development
- Canopy cover after 20 years with development
- Canopy cover after 30 years with development

In order to calculate the estimated canopy coverage in each scenario, tree and group within the site had their canopy boundaries were extracted by 1 dm for each 10-year increment and area measurements recorded. This was done for both tree planting and existing trees, where canopies overlapped, the area was only counted once (i.e. there was no double counting).

The canopy growth rate of 150cm per year was selected based on what was considered reasonably likely based on experience. This is in line with Forestry Commission advice on where the study showed that trees in grass and shrub beds experienced annual shoot extension of 8.4cm to 16.2cm (with varying species, age and condition). We believe the figure of 150cm to be a reasonable base figure to use for such a calculation.

In order to calculate the figures for a 20-year period, the results of the 20 and 30-year models were averaged.

Ligna Consultancy

Plot 22.08 at Oxford Science Park

The Oxford Science Park (Oxford) Limited

Canopy Cover Assessment

DATE: 10/01/2023

PROJECT: 2023/0001

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Tree Canopy Cover Assessment

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